

Seller's

GUIDE



HOPE BROWN & DUANE CLARKE

LIFESTYLE
— INTERNATIONAL REALTY —

MEET THE *Team*



HOPE BROWN

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Originally from the Bronx, NY, and a proud mom, Hope brings a unique blend of warmth, resilience, and expertise to her work as a seasoned real estate professional in North Carolina. With a passion for helping individuals and families find their dream homes, she is dedicated to delivering exceptional service and guidance throughout every step of the buying or selling journey. Whether you're searching for the perfect family home or exploring investment opportunities, Hope's personalized approach and deep market knowledge ensure your real estate goals become a reality.

DUANE CLARKE

REAL ESTATE AGENT

Originally from Brooklyn, NY, Duane is an experienced real estate professional with a passion for helping people achieve their property goals. With a proven track record of delivering seamless and successful transactions, Duane specializes in pricing, marketing, and negotiation, consistently helping clients secure top dollar for their properties in diverse market conditions. His dedication, expertise, and personable approach make every step of the buying or selling process smooth and rewarding.



HOME SELLER'S *Roadmap*



FINDING THE *Right agent*

While there is some truth behind the idea that well-priced homes sell themselves, who you hire to sell your home matters more than most people think. Your agent can actually make or break your sale. The majority of people hire the first agent they meet—whether that is at an open house, via a street sign, or through a family member or neighbor. Recommendations are helpful, but for a financial transaction this large, they should still be vetted through your own research.

At the very least, these are questions you should read their answers to before you agree to and work with them:

- What level of service do they provide and how much do their services cost?
- Does this person have the training and energy to sell my home or is real estate their side hustle?
- Does this person seem capable of giving me hard advice that we need to hear even if I do not want to hear it?

Having an experienced professional on your side will be your greatest asset in the home selling process. Look for an agent that has sold many homes, across a wide range of price points— and specifically, in your particular real estate market. An agent who has built a reputation and developed expertise selling condos in the city will not necessarily be the right person to handle your suburban home.

Here are some things that you should consider:

FINDING THE *Right agent*

Avoid Selling your Home with Someone Out of Obligation

Almost everyone knows someone who is a real estate agent. This can be really beneficial if that person is extremely qualified. It can also be extremely messy and put a strain on relationships if the person does not have much experience or if things go sour on the deal. It is worth asking yourself not only if the person is qualified to do the best job, but also if your relationship could be impacted. Would your relationship be okay if they made a mistake that cost you financially or if they did not handle something the right way?

Find a Realtor Who is Highly Trained and Has Recent Experience

An experienced agent with the right tools and training will be able to help you sell your home for the most money, while simplifying the process and protecting you throughout in order to get the best results. No matter who you hire to sell your home, make sure they have a track record that proves they are equipped to do the job.

“Can I Sell My Own House?”: The FSBO Trap

It is a common question. Most homeowners could do a For Sale By Owner, but ultimately opt not to because of three important considerations: time, effort, and getting a fair price. A good real estate agent can set an appropriate timeline and strategy for your home’s sale, and has experience getting fair offers.

FINDING THE *Right agent*

Here are some useful details to know in this regard:

- What level of service do they provide and how much do their services cost?
- Does this person have the training and energy to selling my home or is real estate their side hustle?
- Does this person seem capable of giving me hard advice that we need to hear even if I do not want to hear it?

Look for a Full Service Agency

Once you have found the right real estate agent for you, you will sign a listing agreement with them. This is a contract that gives the agent the right to sell your home, and establishes the agent fee or commission percentage. It also specifies that they have the right to advertise your home on the Multiple Listing Service (MLS) and potentially elsewhere.

The Cost of Selling a House Closing Costs Closing costs encompass transfer taxes, the agent's commission, seller conveyancing, and other miscellaneous fees.

Agent/Brokerage Commissions

Full service brokerages typically charge the home seller 6% of the home's sale price, which is split between the listing/seller's agent and the buyer's agent. This means that for a home that sells for \$600,000, you will pay \$18,000 per agent, for a total of \$36,000.

PREPARING *Financing*

Taxes

- Transfer tax varies by state and can have additional transfer tax at the local level. Typically transfer taxes are split between the buyer and the seller, but it can sometimes be negotiated in the deal.
- If you are selling a second home, a flipped home, or rental property, you may need to set aside additional money to cover capital gains taxes that you will owe at tax time. This is a tax that applies to non-inventory assets, including real estate.
- Property taxes should be paid up to the closing date; you should pay your share of the property taxes in advance, by placing the money in an escrow account.

Clean up (Optional)

- Painting. Though it's not required, a simple fresh coat of paint can do wonders for sprucing up your home for showings.
- Deep Clean. If you decide to pay for someone to deep clean your home- getting all the nooks and crannies you might overlook while doing your general sweep through- expect to pay between \$200 and \$400 for this service.

Other

- Hire an appraiser: Having a professional appraisal done on your home can cost between \$300 and \$700, but it can be a small price to pay if it helps you sell your home quickly and for an appropriate price.

HOME *Valuation*

The next step of the home buying process is to find out how much your home is worth. There are a few ways to answer this.

Have a listing consultation with your agent During the listing consultation, the agent will take a tour of your home. They will point out potential problems, and suggest improvements. Their extensive experience will help you get the most realistic sense of what your home is worth.

Scenarios that can lower or raise the value of your home:

Lower

- wiring not up to code
- roof needs repairs
- cracks in the drywall– this can indicate more serious foundational damage

Raise

- double-pane soundproof windows
- hardwood flooring
- walk-in closet(s)
- finished basement

This is not intended to be an extensive list; just examples of the types of specific features agents are taking into consideration.

HOME *Valuation*

Update and Improve

If you do want to make improvements to your home before selling it in order to net a higher asking price, prioritize improvements that appeal to millennials as they are the largest group of home buyers, representing around 37% of the market. This generation values updated kitchens and baths, and rarely sees the appeal of wall-to-wall carpeting.

These are three of the top updates millennials are looking for in for-sale homes:

- Home office space
- Smart tech
- Energy-efficient appliances

Figure Out Real Estate Comps: Relative Value

An important part of determining your home's value is a comparative market analysis (CMA), which is a review of what similar properties in your neighborhood have sold for over the past few months and may be what active properties are selling for in the area as well.

Your agent can help produce a CMA for you so that you have access to more information than what the general public can view.

HOME *Valuation*

Here is what some listing agents are looking at for determining comparable properties (comps):

- Rooms: bed, baths, finished square footage
- Location specifics: if it is a “hot” neighborhood, walkable
- Condition: regardless of age, has the home been well maintained?
- Acreage: large, level lots on private streets sell well
- Renovations: updates to kitchen, bath, and basement carry the highest return
- Unique features: built-in pool, fireplaces, new deck
- Age and maintenance of major components: roof, windows, heater, AC, plumbing, etc.
- Days on Market: Taking into account how long similar properties spent on the market (DOM), at what price, and if they were listed multiple times or required price reductions.

Real estate transactions are different from everyday transactions. If you go to the store to buy a box of cereal, the price generally stays the same regardless of how many people want to buy it. The price of your home, however, fluctuates constantly due to local supply and demand. Understanding this will help you let go of expecting a price you think your home “should be.” What dictates your home’s price, ultimately, is the amount buyers are willing to pay—and this number can go up or down within the space of a year, or even a season.

HOME

Valuation

Fill Out the Property Disclosure: Required by law

The property disclosure, or seller's disclosure, is an important document for the home selling process. This document outlines any potential issues that could impact a home's safety or value, and the laws surrounding disclosure vary by state. Common issues noted in disclosure may include, and are not limited to:

- The presence of lead paint
- Renovations made without a permit
- Property tax disclosure
- The presence of mold
- Asbestos
- Foundation problems
- Persistent flooding issues
- Presence of pests

A failure to properly disclose these issues once you know of them can leave you liable for damages, even after the home has been sold. Some states require disclosure during the listing process; others may only require it after you have accepted an offer.

HOME *Valuation*

List at the True Market Value

Your listing/seller's agent will recommend a listing price, but it is ultimately your choice. It is highly recommended that you list your home at its market value. Many homeowners are tempted to list it higher—just in case someone will pay, to give room to negotiate, etc. But this approach can backfire. Thanks to the internet, it is extremely easy for buyers to know more or less how much a home is worth and buyers will be hesitant to make an offer on an overpriced home.

If you want to sell your home fast, sell it at a fair price and you could end up entertaining multiple bids. During or shortly after the listing consultation, you and the agent will finalize an agreed upon price and listing dates and then you are ready to sign the listing agreement.

LISTING YOUR *Home*

Once you are ready to list your home, it is important to move quickly. The average home takes about 65 days to sell, but this number depends on the local market and how the home is priced.

The Listing Description

Creating a listing description is important– this is where you summarize your home and why people should want to live in it. Sometimes less is more, and it is best to let an experienced agent lead on this and decide on what is worth highlighting and adding to this description.

Professional Photography

Professional photography is an important part of the listing process. About 90% of people now start their home search process online– often before approaching an agent. Well lit photographs and detailed 360° virtual tours that highlight a home's best features can help get more potential buyers to see your home. Your listing agent is likely aware of how to get high quality images of your property so work with them to do so.

The MLS

Once your home is ready to go, it will be added by your listing agent to the Multiple Listing Service (MLS). By uploading it to the MLS, your home will appear on sites like:

- Realtor.com
- Trulia

LISTING YOUR *Home*

- Zillow
- RealtyTrac
- Rent.com

This helps to ensure maximum exposure. Once people are interested in actually seeing your home, showings can be requested and open houses advertised.

Tackle Easy Home Fixes

Costly renovations may not be recommended, but small, inexpensive fixes definitely are. Homeowners might be surprised to discover that bright-colored accent walls rarely help sell a home: instead, neutral-toned walls work best. Now is also the time to fix the broken shower head or door handles so that a small repair for you does not turn off would-be buyers.

Showing Your Home

A sign can be installed in front of your home to let people know it is for sale, as well as a lock-box for easy entry for home showings. Keep your home relatively clean and de-personalized so that it can be shown whenever buyers are interested. If someone is interested in purchasing your home, their buyer's agent will contact your listing agent, who will contact you. Once again, it is a good idea to have a listing agent who is all in and not working multiple side jobs at the same time so that they can be available when necessary.

LISTING YOUR *Home*

Open House

Open houses help to generate hype for your property, and they can be a good way to separate potential buyers that are truly interested. An open house allows for people with low purchase intent to see your home without taking up a lot of anyone's time, leaving the individual showings for the truly interested buyers. And if serious buyers are in attendance, witnessing a well-attended open house can encourage them to come in with a high bid.

Here is what you should do to prepare for your open house typically happens on a Saturday or Sunday:

- Declutter the house
- Do a full-house clean
- Get rid of excess furniture to better showcase room size
- Beautify outdoor spaces (pruning, grass cutting, etc) house,
- Do not use synthetic smells (like plug-ins): some people are allergic
- Secure your valuables, just in case
- Curb appeal: flowers are great, and pressure-washing can make a world of difference.

EVALUATING AN *Offer*

An offer on your home allows you to potentially move forward with the process of selling your home. There is a lot that goes into evaluating and accepting an offer, though. Here is what you need to know.

Should I accept the first offer on my house?

There is no right or wrong answer, since it will depend on what stage of the selling process you are at, and the quality of the offer. If your home has been on the market for three months already, you are unlikely to receive a higher offer later on. If anything, buyers may assume you are desperate to sell (and willing to accept less than your home is actually worth). On the other hand, if your home was just listed, you have more room to wait and see what happens. Buyers who come in with a low asking price, with contingencies, or without a mortgage pre-approval might not be the right match.

What are the main consideration when comparing multiple offers? Ideally, you will have several offers to choose from. Here is what you should look at:

- Purchase price
- Expiration date of the offer □ Deposit (initial and second deposit amounts and terms)

EVALUATING AN *Offer*

- Settlement and possession date
- Inclusions/exclusions
- Types of financing (cash or mortgage)
- Mortgage terms and commitment date
- Contingencies elected and terms

What should be included in the home offer?

The offer is a legal document. Home offers generally follow the Agreement of Sale (AOS) and usually include:

- The purchase price: this is, quite simply, what they are offering to pay for your home.
- Expiration of the offer: how long their offer is good for. Typically one or two days.
- Initial deposit and second deposit: the initial deposit is a good-faith escrow deposit the buyer puts down while waiting for mortgage approval.
- Required home inspection: the buyer is entitled to have your home checked for defects. They will note whether you are expected to address any issues that come up in inspection. This is important to note because something always comes up during the inspection, so be prepared.

EVALUATING AN *Offer*

- Warranties: the buyer will want to make sure the property is yours to sell. You will need to show your title to the home.
- An appraisal: lenders typically require a licensed appraiser to validate the value of your home.
- Contingencies: the buyer can void their purchase if certain outlined conditions are or are not met (such as major structural defects being revealed in the home inspection, they need to sell their own home, or your home appraises for far less than they offered)
- A timeframe for the loan closing date: usually 30 to 60 days.

What a counter-offer looks like?

If a homebuyer comes in below your asking price, if you receive multiple offers, or if the buyer asks you to complete certain renovations as part of the sale, there is definitely room to negotiate. It is important to have an experienced agent on hand for this. Many listing agents are trained specifically in negotiation tactics, ensuring that you will walk away from the deal with as much home equity as possible.

There are a few different ways to counter an offer--always after having discussed with your listing agent:

- You can meet the buyer halfway, but you are under no obligation to, especially if it is a low offer. Maybe you can go down \$1,000 to appease them, or even counter with your original listing price if you think your home was priced fairly.

EVALUATING AN *Offer*

- You can reject their offer completely. A truly interested buyer may come back anyway.
- If you receive multiple offers, you can negotiate for a higher bid by asking the top bidders for their best and final offer.

Once you accept the offer, it can take between 30-60 days to close the sale. Closer or farther out settlement dates are also possible, depending on your needs and the Buyer's ability to match your goals. This allows you time to pack your belongings and move out– and possibly find a new home to move into, if you have not already.

AFTER THE

Home Sale

Post-Closing Documentation

Keep track of all the documents related to your home's sale. You never know when you will need this information in the future when filing taxes, etc.

Complete repairs and obtain certifications

If you are obligated to complete repairs as a condition of your post-inspection negotiations, it is your responsibility to complete those tasks before closing. Additionally, if the buyers asked for (and you agreed to) any specific inspections or certifications, like a sewer line inspection or roof condition certification, those should be completed as well.

Submit property disclosures

In most states, as a seller you are required to disclose any known defects or issues that could affect the value or safety of the home — this is known as a property disclosure. These must be documented in writing prior to closing, and the specific rules and procedures vary based on where you live.

AFTER THE *Home Sale*

Review expected closing costs

Selling a house can be expensive, so review your estimated closing costs ahead of closing day to prepare for the charges you will see. Closing costs for sellers can be as high as 8 to 10 percent of the sale price of the home, and that amount is made up of your agent's commission, the buyer's agent's commission (which is typically paid by the seller), and taxes and fees. But, assuming you have some equity in the home you are selling, these costs will come directly out of the profits you will be receiving upon closing.

Hand over keys

The keys are handed over to the buyer once you vacate the premises, and as dictated in your contract with the buyer. If the buyer is taking immediate possession, you might hand over the keys at the closing appointment. Or, depending on the terms of your agreement, it could be much later.

Close the transaction

At closing, the settlement agent (either the closing attorney or escrow company hired at the outset of the transaction) will record the new deed for the home with the county, pay off your remaining mortgage balance, pay all closing costs and make sure you receive your profit.

What to EXPECT

GREAT COMMUNICATION

HONESTY & TRANSPARENCY

INTEGRITY & RESPECT

LOCAL MARKET KNOWLEDGE

REACH YOUR REAL ESTATE GOALS



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